

# Multi Level Stacked Socket Challenges & Solutions

**Mike Fedde, Ranjit Patil, Ila Pal &  
Vinayak Panavala  
Ironwood Electronics**



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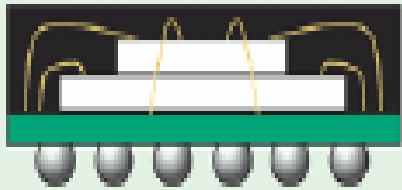
**Ironwood  
ELECTRONICS**

# Content

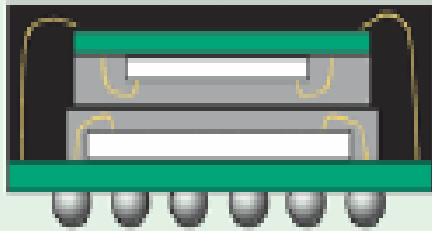
- **Introduction**
- **Multi Level IC Configuration**
- **Multi Level IC Test Need**
- **Multi Level IC Socket Configuration**
- **Electrical Simulation**
- **Stack up Alignment Challenges**
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# Multi Level IC Configuration & Forecast

## 3-D IC STACKING OPTIONS

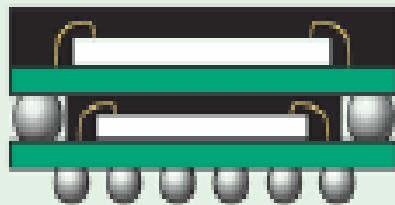


Stacked-die package

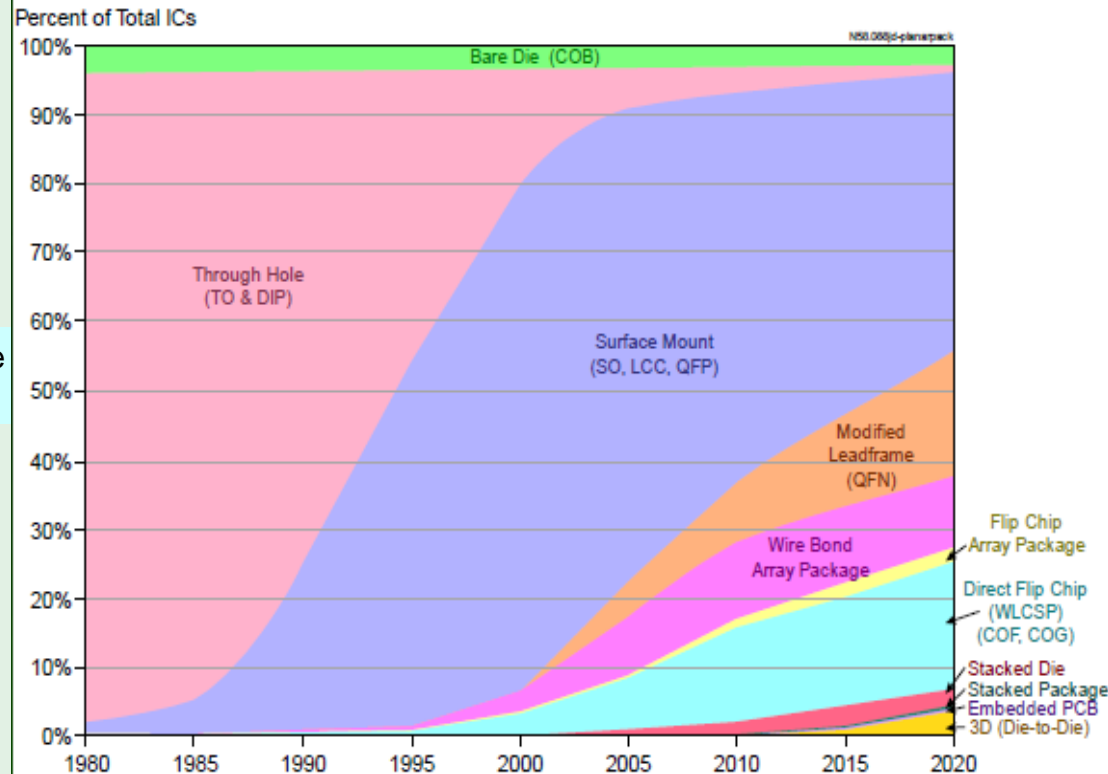


Package-in-Package stacking

Package-on-Package stacking



## PACKAGING INTERCONNECT TRENDS

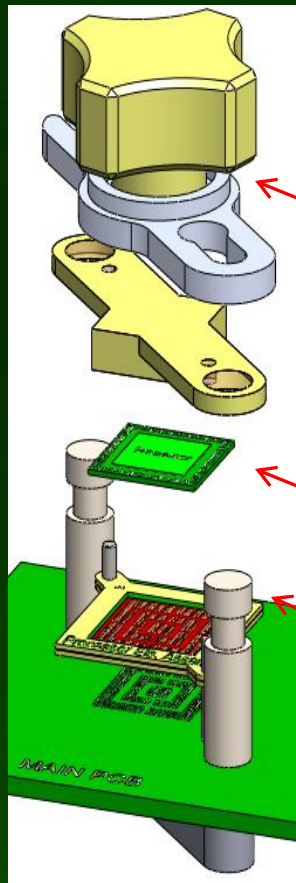


- According to Prismark, In 2020 - 3D packaging share of 7% might total well over 30 billion components that employ stacking technologies.

# Multi Level IC Test Need

- Test processor by itself in a socket
- Test processor signals using a probe which is interfaced between processor and target PCB
- Test processor with memory soldered
- Test processor with replaceable memory
- Test memory signals using a probe which is interfaced between memory and processor
- Test memory signals and processor signals using memory probe and processor probe in the stack up between memory and processor on target PCB

# Multi Level IC Socket Configuration



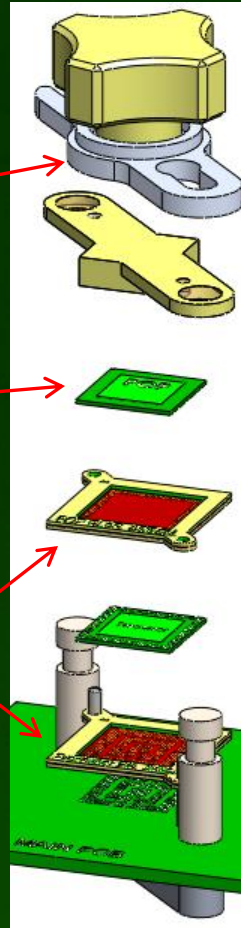
Single level  
Processor only

Socket assembly

Memory

Processor

Interposer

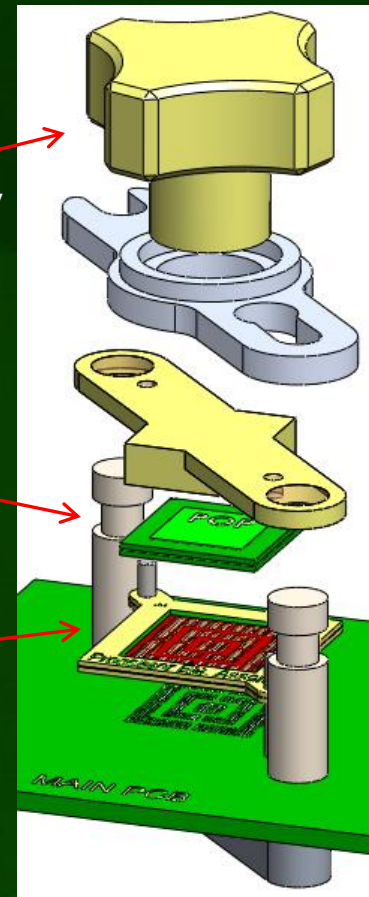


Two level  
Processor & Memory

Socket assembly

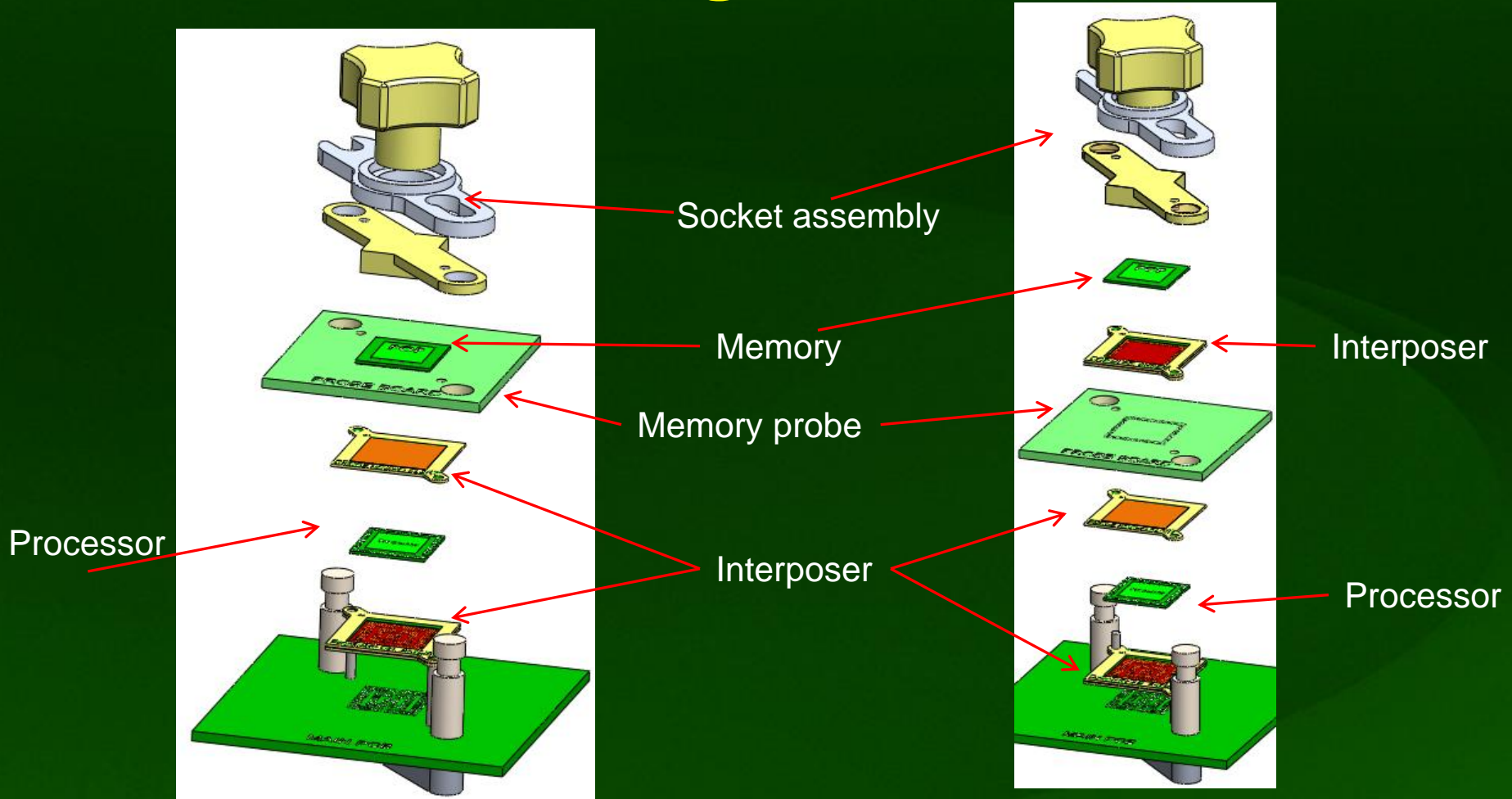
Processor  
+ Memory  
Soldered

Interposer



Single level  
Processor + Memory  
Soldered

# Multi Level IC Socket Configuration

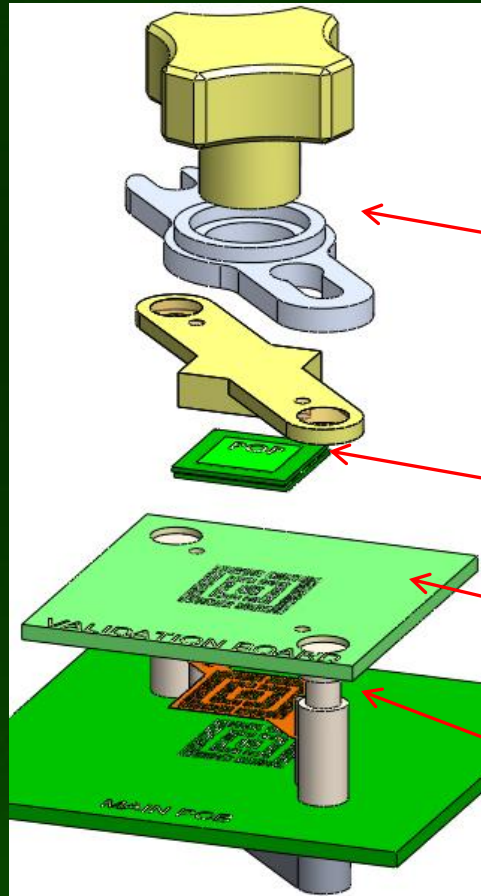


Two level  
Processor & Memory probe

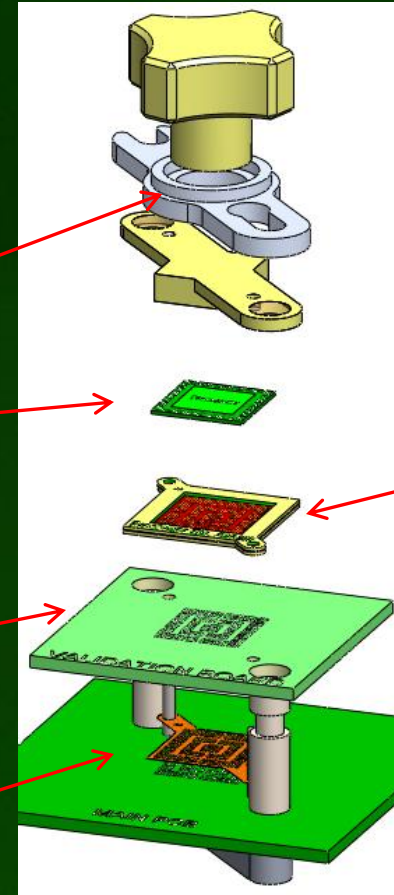
Three level  
Processor, Memory probe & Memory



# Multi Level IC Socket Configuration



Single level  
Processor soldered on probe



Two level  
Processor & Processor probe

Socket assembly

Processor

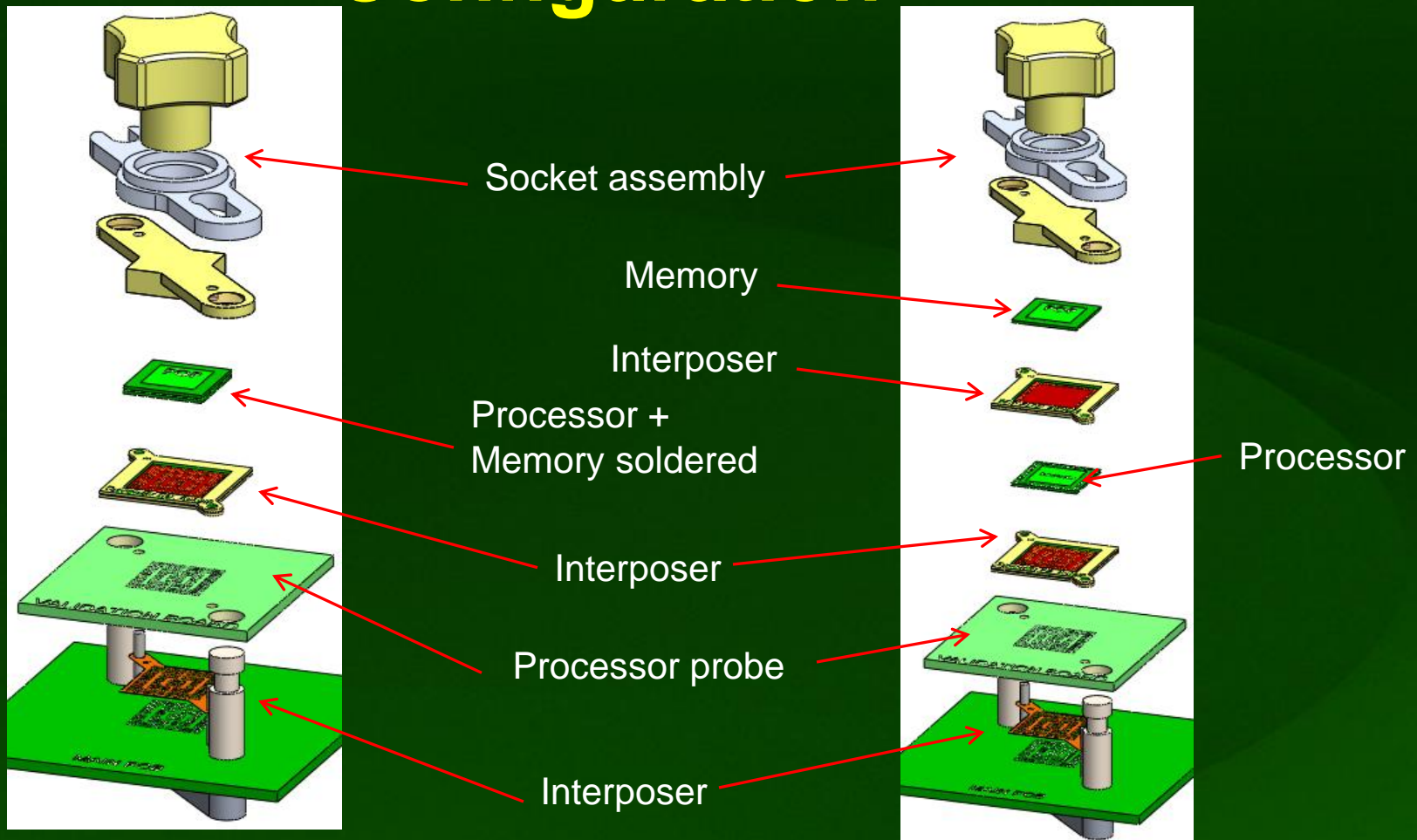
Processor +  
Memory soldered

Processor probe

Interposer

Interposer

# Multi Level IC Socket Configuration

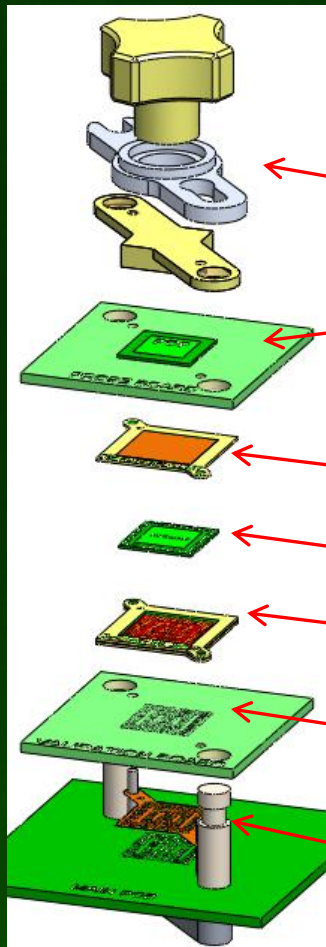


Two level  
PoP & Processor probe

Three level  
Processor, Memory & Processor probe



# Multi Level IC Socket Configuration



Socket assembly

Memory  
Soldered to  
Probe

Interposer

Processor

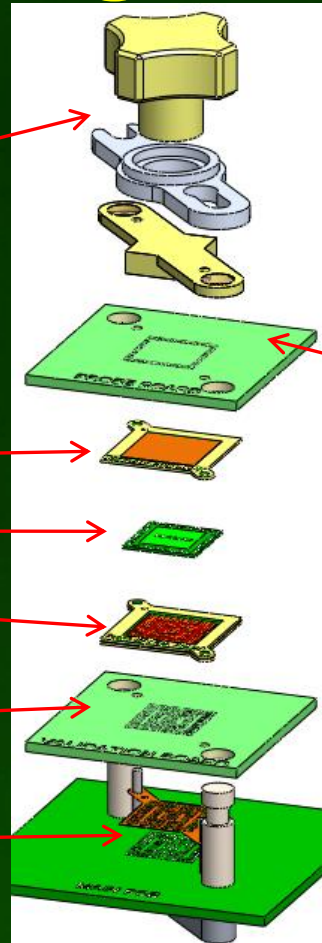
Interposer

Processor probe

Interposer

Three level  
Memory soldered probe,  
Processor & Processor probe

3/2010



Socket assembly

Memory

Interposer

Memory probe

Interposer

Processor

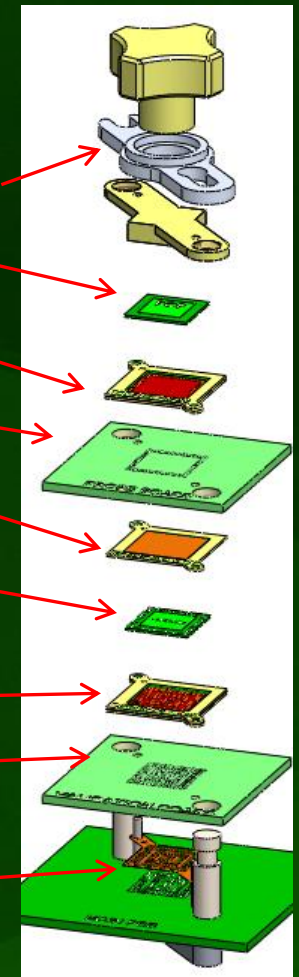
Interposer

Processor probe

Interposer

Three level  
Memory probe, Processor  
& Processor probe

Multi Level Stacked Socket – Challenges & Solutions



Socket assembly

Memory

Interposer

Memory probe

Interposer

Processor

Interposer

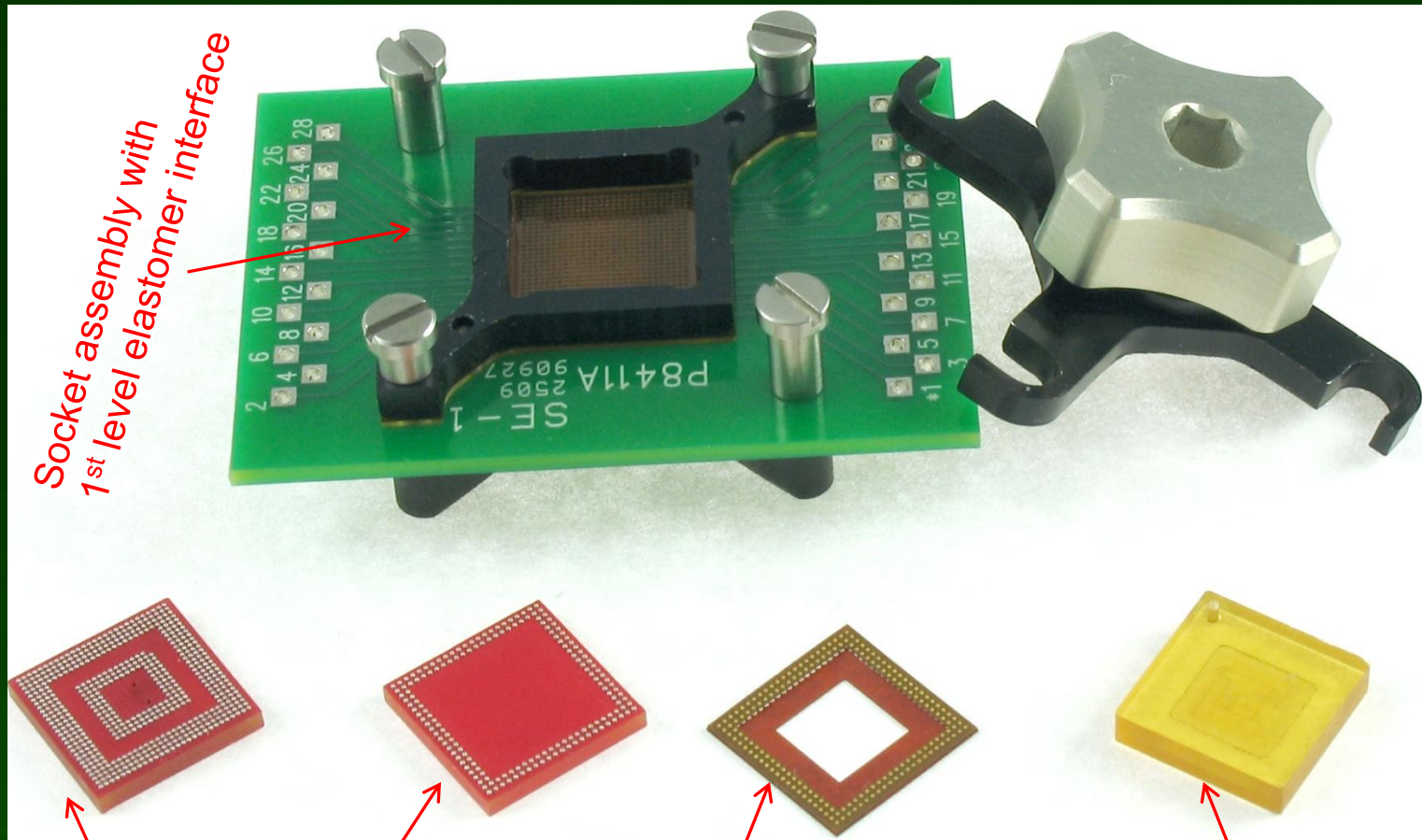
Processor probe

Interposer

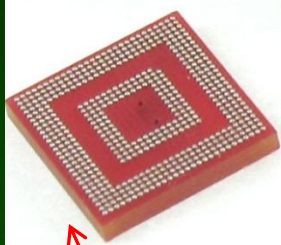
Four level  
Memory, Memory probe  
Processor & Processor probe

9

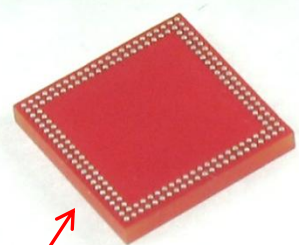
# Multi Level IC Socket Configuration



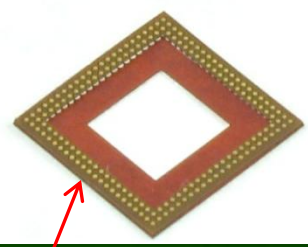
Socket assembly with  
1<sup>st</sup> level elastomer interface



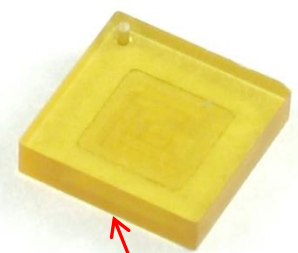
Processor



Memory

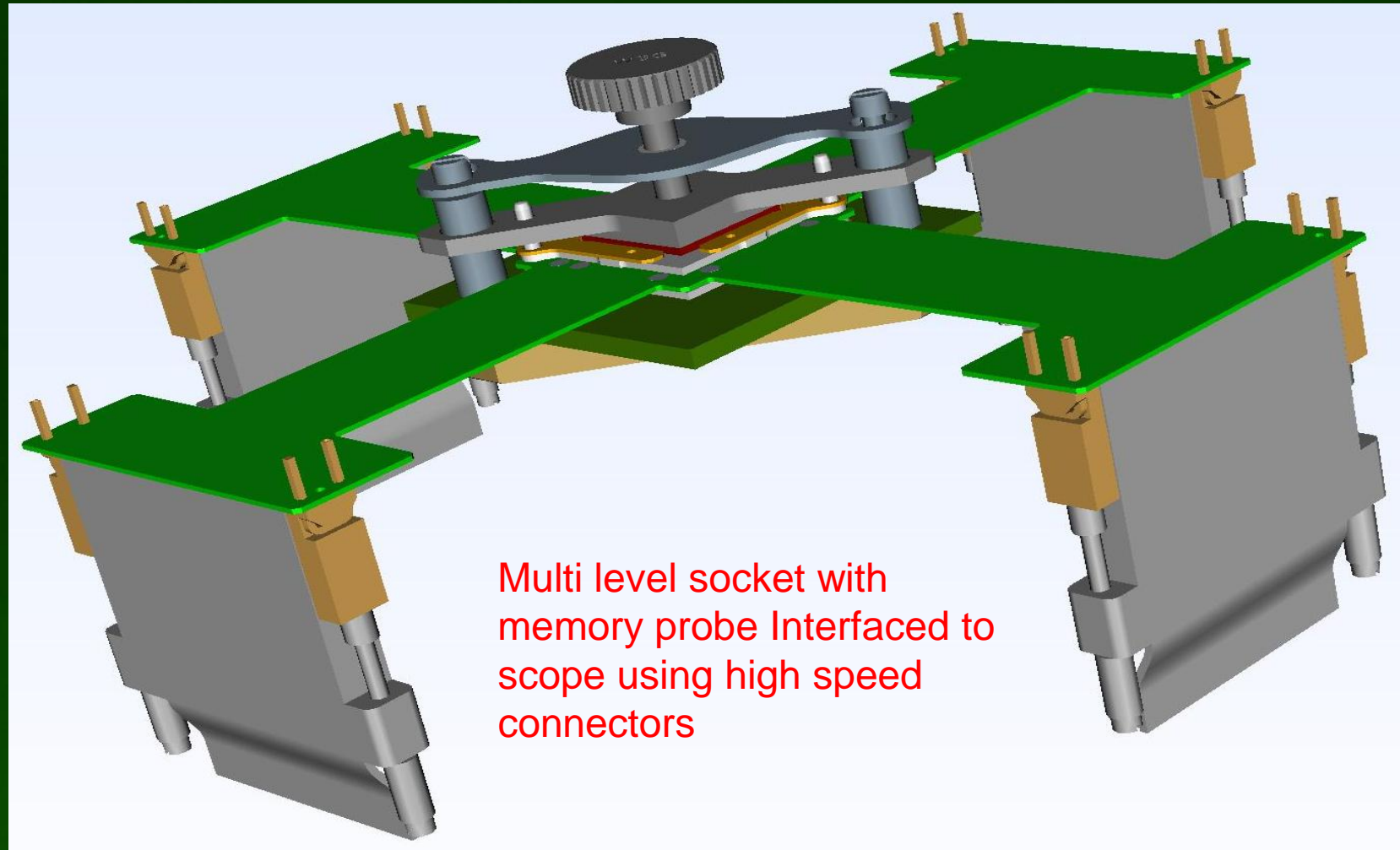


2<sup>nd</sup> level elastomer interface  
between memory & processor



Compression fixture for  
uniform force distribution

# Multi Level IC Socket Electrical Challenges



Multi level socket with  
memory probe Interfaced to  
scope using high speed  
connectors

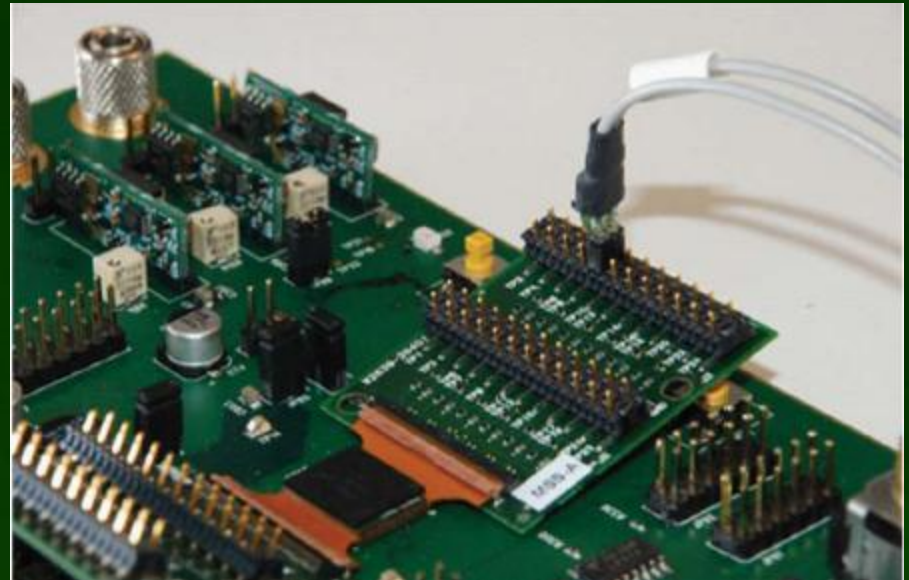
Source: Texas Instruments



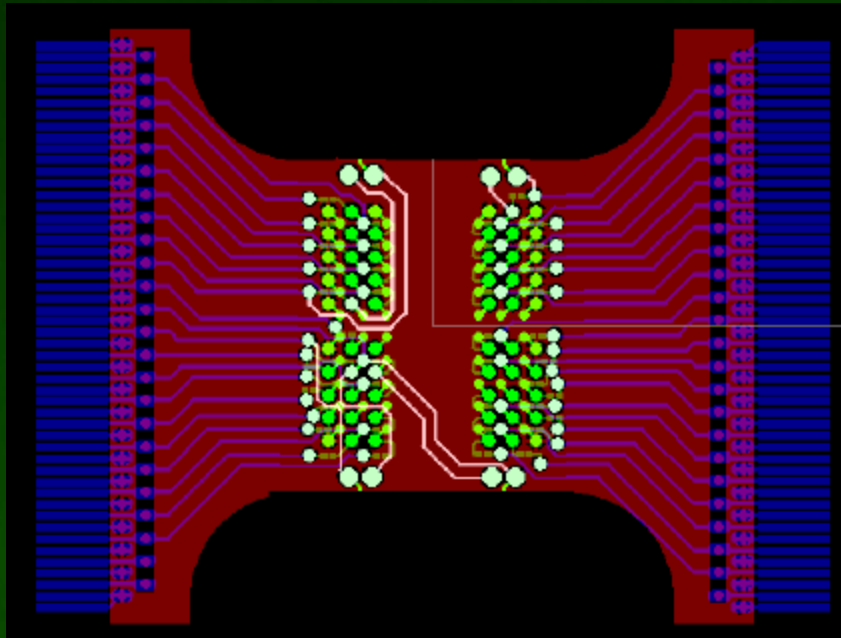
# Multi Level IC Socket Electrical Challenges



Four wing  
probe for DDR  
memory



Two wing probe for DDR  
memory under test



Two wing probe for DDR  
memory with optimized signal  
routing

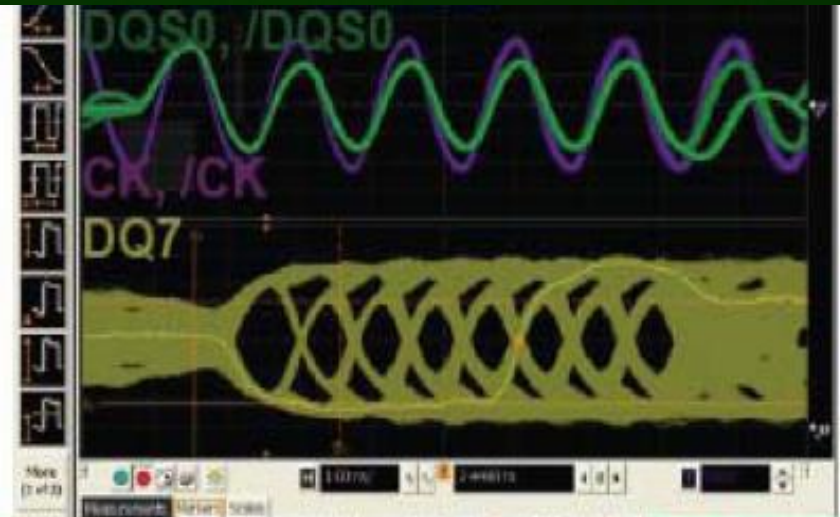
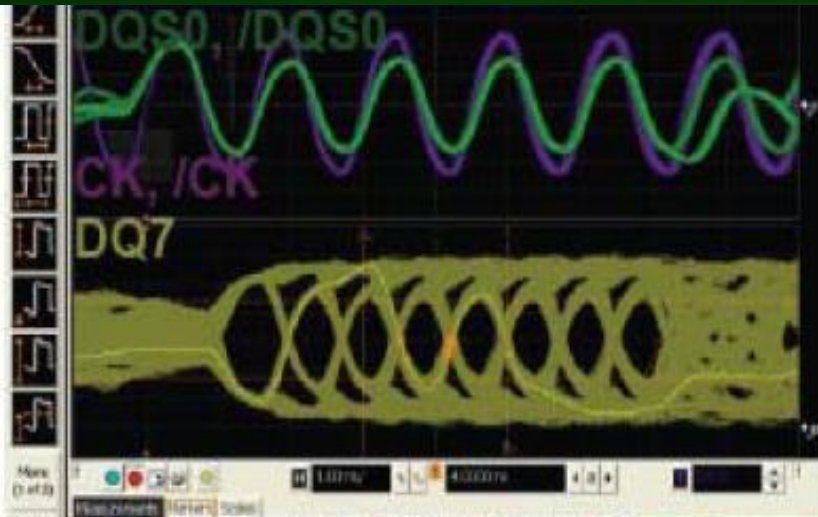


Source: Agilent Technologies

# Electrically Transparent Probing

Without interposer

With interposer



Random Data Pattern

Random Data Pattern

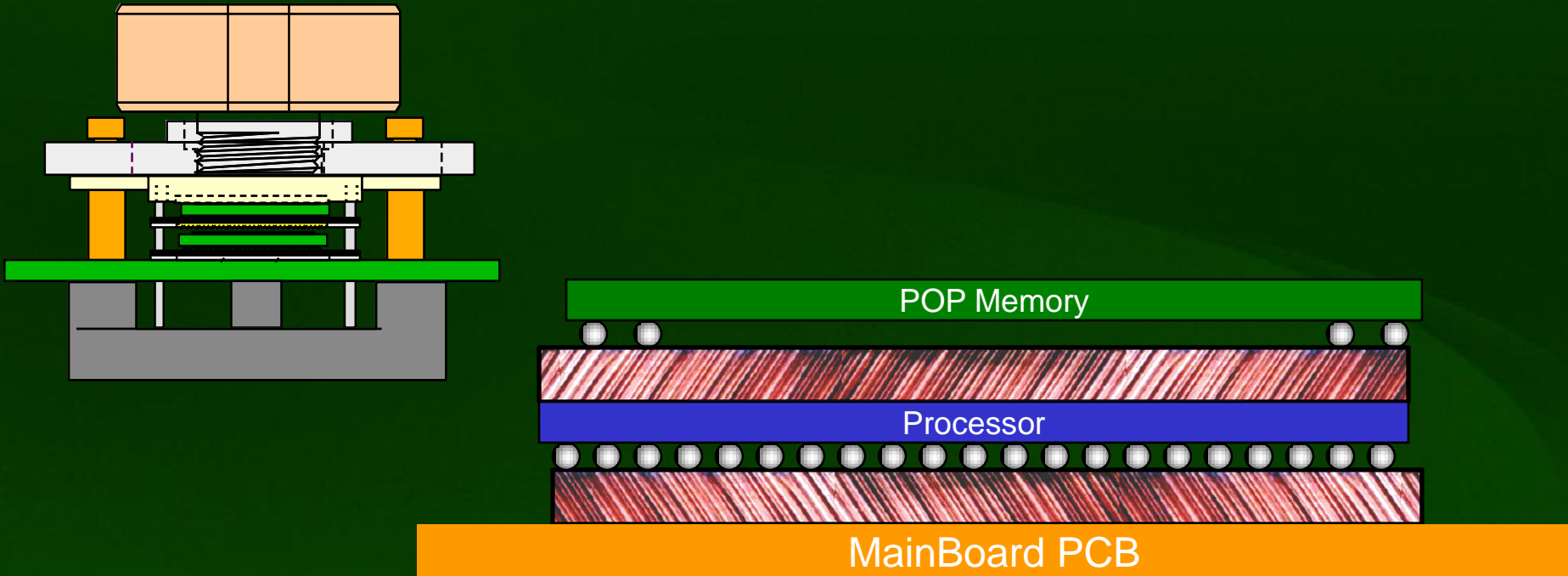
Without BGA Probe

With BGA Probe

Source: Agilent Technologies



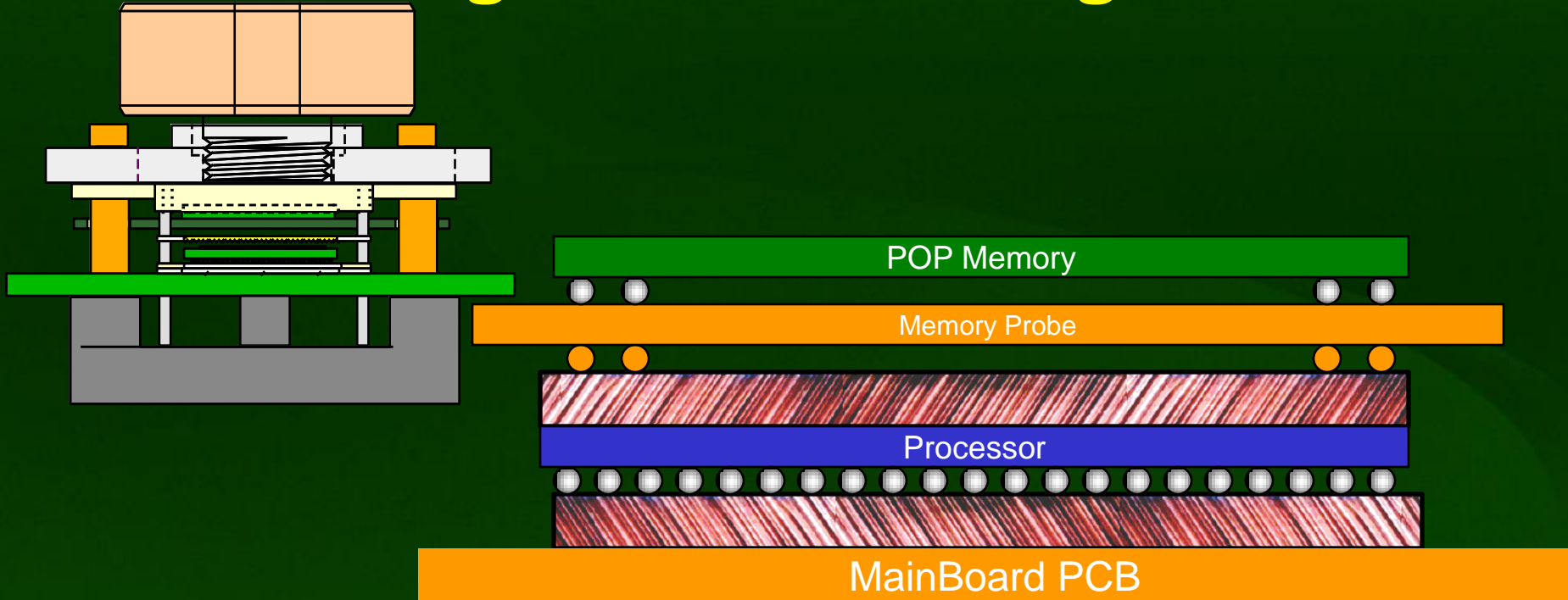
# Multi Level Stack Up Alignment Challenges



## Configuration 1: Processor and Memory

1. Processor is shifted 0.25mm to left with IC guide and Ball guide.
2. From 0.25mm shifted position Memory will be centered on the Ball guide and IC guide.

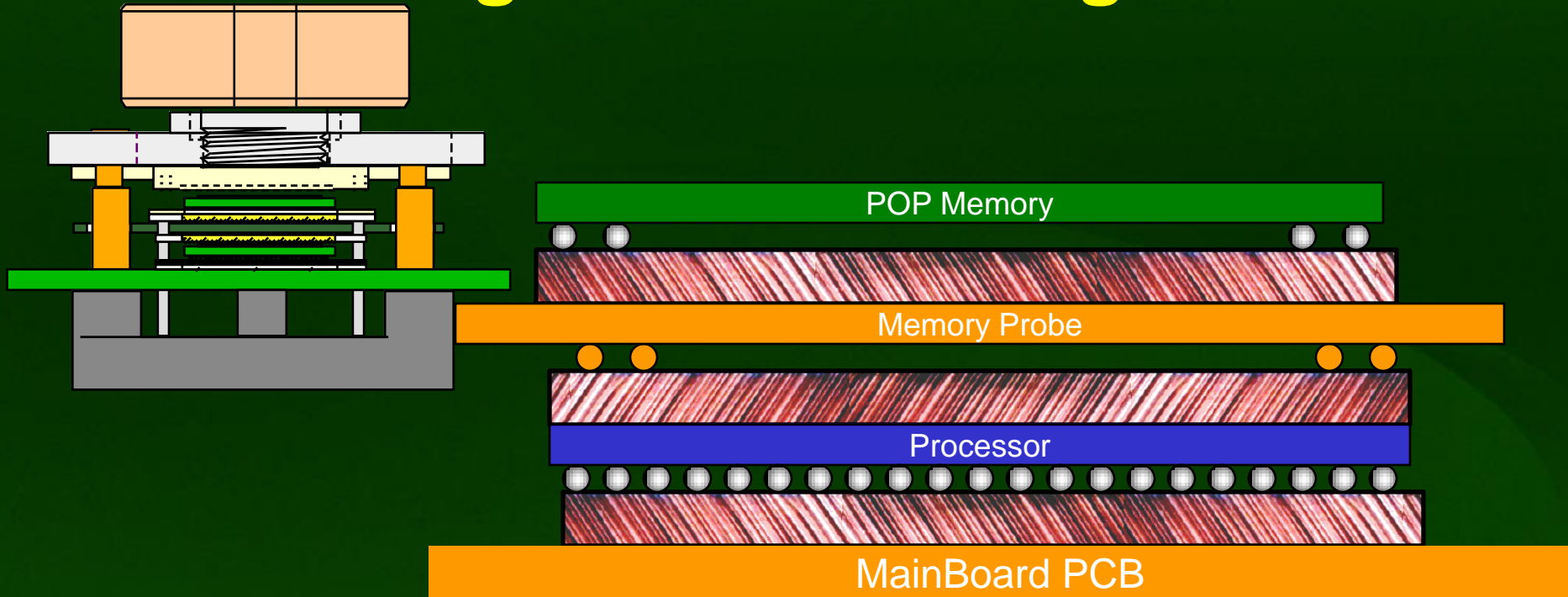
# Multi Level Stack Up Alignment Challenges



## Configuration 2: Processor and Memory Probe

1. Processor is shifted 0.25mm to left with IC guide and Ball guide.
2. From 0.25mm shifted position Memory probe will be centered.

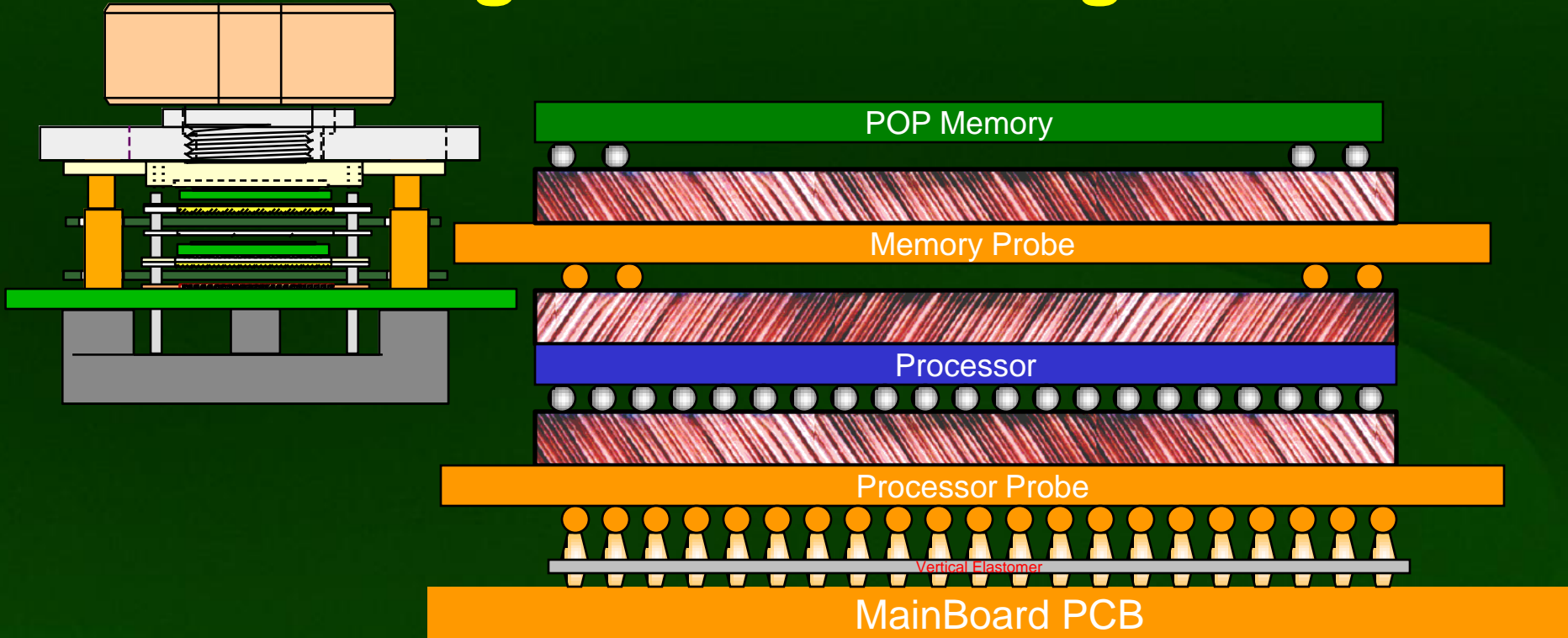
# Multi Level Stack Up Alignment Challenges



## Configuration 3: Processor, Probe board and Memory

1. Processor is shifted 0.25mm to left with IC guide and Ball guide.
2. From 0.25mm shifted position Probe board will be centered.
3. PoP memory is shifted 0.25mm to left with IC guide and Ball guide.

# Multi Level Stack Up Alignment Challenges

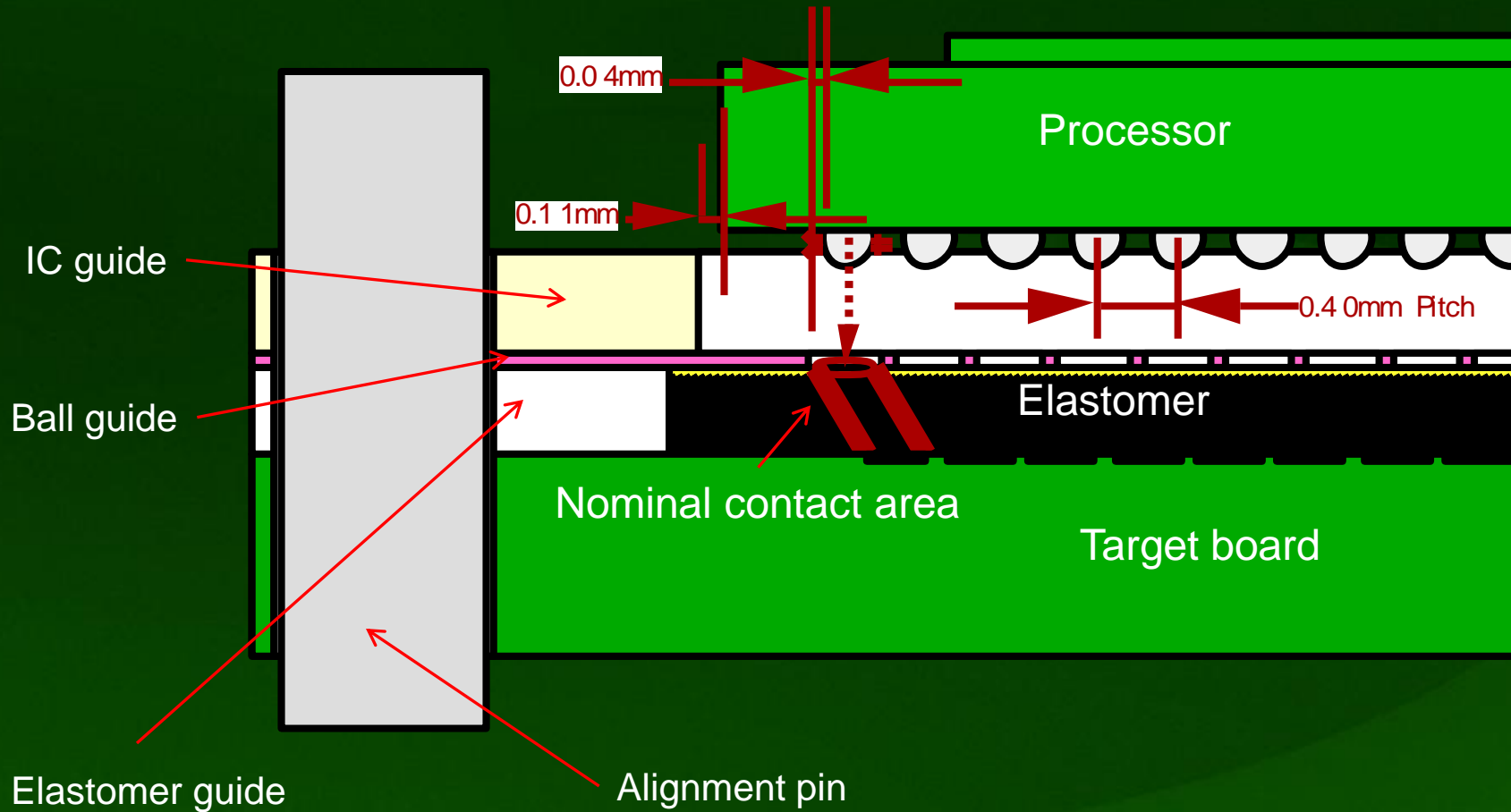


## Configuration 4: Processor Probe, Processor, Memory Probe and PoP

1. Processor and POP sits 0.25mm shifted with pattern on target board. Processor probe and memory probe sits centered with respect to target board.

2. Vertical elastomer on first layer.

# Multi Level Stack Up Alignment Challenges





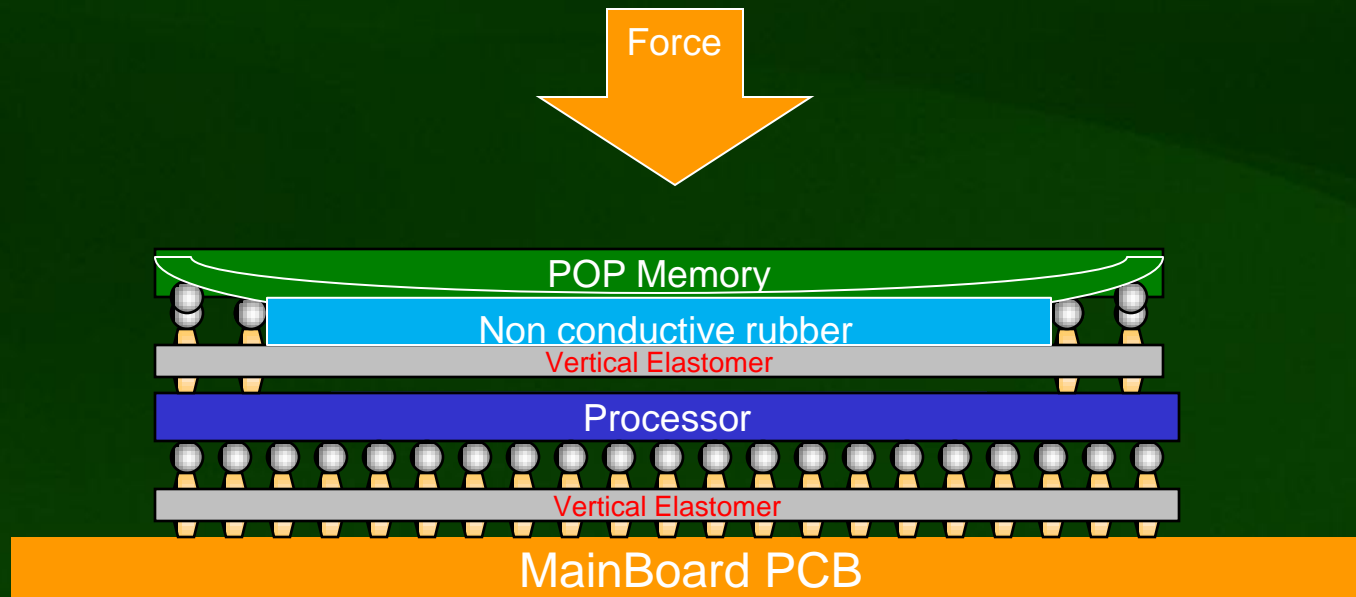
# Multi Level Stack Up Alignment Challenges

Processor/Elastomer/PCB tolerance	: ±
PCB Alignment Hole position	: +0.025mm
Ball guide Alignment Hole position	: +0.025mm
PCB Pad location/Size	: +0.05mm

=0.1mm off from nominal location

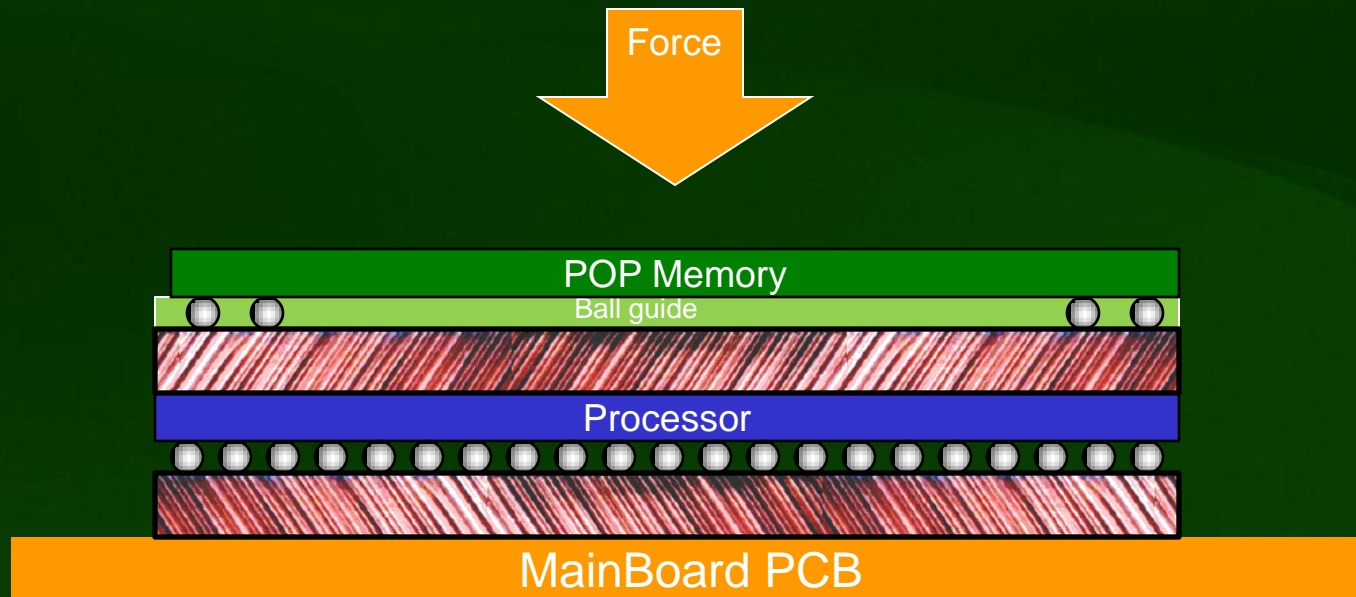
With 0.24mm minimum pad diameter for 0.4mm pitch BGA, elastomer contacts more than 58% of the pad. This XY variation occurs on each level of the stack up. Similar calculations were made for Z variations and manufacturing tolerances were updated such that 60% of pad is covered by elastomer.

# Multi Level Stack Up Force Challenges



Force balance using additional non-conductive rubber

# Multi Level Stack Up Force Challenges



- Force balance using angled interposer itself
- Shift allows normal force to be lower than vertical interposer

# Multi Level Stack Up Force Challenges

- Force data for a four level interconnect stack up shown as per ball count
- Series network of forces are balanced at each level either by using an additional non-conductive rubber or elastomer by itself

	Elastomer	Ball Count	Force/Ball, gm	Total Force, Kg
PoP	Angle	169	30	5.07
Memory Probe				
Memory Probe	Angle	169	30	5.07
Processor				
Processor	Angle	515	30	15.45
Processor Probe				
Processor Probe	Straight	515	35	18.025
Target Board				

# Conclusion

- **3D packages are the future**
- **Pitch, pin count , performance complexities increase due to consumer demand**
- **Two level package needs four level interconnect for development**
- **XYZ alignment challenges in each interconnect level push manufacturing capabilities to its extreme**
- **Force balancing at each level enables innovative design and requires new materials with unique properties**